TRIGGER HAPPY

HOW DOES YOUR SPRAY GUN SHAPE UP?

No matter how experienced the sprayer, merely triggering and moving a gun in space will not reveal any of the performance characteristics vital to a top quality finish. A simple brief static spray pattern will immediately highlight any potential problems before the gun is used on the painstakingly prepared workpiece or vehicle. 1. Ensure that you have the correct air cap, fluid tip and needle set-up on the gun to match the material being applied.

2. Tape up a piece of brown paper—approx. 20" (1/2 m) square—onto the spray booth wall at shoulder height.

Follow the procedure explained below and compare the pattern to our examples. If your result resembles examples 2-8 then look at the corrective measures before you apply paint to the workpiece.

3. Having set the gun at the recommended inlet or atomizing air pressure, hold it at the correct target distance and spray at the paper WITHOUT MOVING THE GUN.

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Normal Pattern – Ready to Spray	Intermittent Spray Fan or Fluttering
 Good balance and uniformity Symmetrical pattern shape Good working height and width Uniform distribution of material (Verify by horizontal spray out) 	 Air in the fluid passageways Insufficient paint in cup Fluid tip loose Fluid needle packing or packing screw loose Cup vent hole clogged
Banana Pattern	Heavy Top or Bottom Pattern
 Air cap horn hole dirty or damaged Test spray pattern, rotate 180° and test again to isolate horn hole location Clean air cap thoroughly Replace air cap if necessary 	 Fluid tip or air cap dirty or damaged Test spray pattern, rotate 180° and test again to isolate cause Clean both items thoroughly Replace fluid tip or air cap if necessary
Single Split Pattern	Center Heavy Ellipse
 Too much air for fluid quantity used Reduce air pressure at regulator Increase fluid flow by changing fluid tip size or opening needle control knob 	 Bad air or paint setting Viscosity too high – thin with solvents Fluid flow too high – reduce Air pressure too low – increase
Double Split Pattern	Ball End Heavy Pattern
 Too much air for fluid quantity used Reduce air pressure at regulator Increase fluid flow by changing fluid tip size or opening needle control knob 	 Too much air flow Change fluid tip for smaller size Reduce flow using fluid needle control Reduce fan size using fan control

STATIC PATTERN TEST

Having examined the vertical spray pattern for uniformity of shape and size, now turn the air cap through 90° and static spray a horizontal pattern making sure you trigger for long enough to load the shape with material. Then watch to see the formation of the run-outs of material across the full width of the sprayed pattern. This will highlight how well the material is distributed throughout the spray pattern. If run-out is more obvious at the center or at the ends then this indicates a problem.

TYPICAL GOOD

TYPICAL BAD

THE THREE "C"s OF SPRAY GUN TROUBLESHOOTING—CONDITION, CAUSE, CORRECTION

The information below provides you with a simple and effective method of tracing problems with your gun if it proves troublesome. Look down the left hand "CONDTITION" column until you identify the problem and you will find the possible "CAUSE" and "CORRECTION" that needs to be taken.

CONDITION	CAUSE	CORRECTION	CONDITION	CAUSE	CORRECTION
A Will not spray N	No air pressure at gun	Check air supply and air lines	F Air leak from fluid needle exit point in top of handle	Seal damaged or missing	Replace
	Fluid needle adjusting screw not open enough Fluid too heavy for suction feed	Change to proper suction feed air cap Increase fluid pressure at tank Open fluid needle adjusting screw Thin material or change to pressure feed	K Paint build-up on air cap	Damaged air cap holes Gradual build-up of bounce-back on gun head	Replace with new air cap Thoroughly clean
A Gun spits paint when triggering on and off Incorrect needle fitted to gun Excessive needle wear Excessive fluid tip wear		Check tip/needle selection chart and fit correct item Replace with new needle	G Air cap retaining ring will not rotate	Contamination on retaining threads Deformed or damaged retaining ring	Soak gun head in solvent to soften pai Cut retaining ring off of gun (probably replace retaining ring and baffle as we
		Replace with new fluid tip	E Stiff trigger action	Air valve stem bent	Replace damaged component
A Small air leak from air cap when gun is not triggered	Air valve contaminated and not correctly sealing	Remove valve and thoroughly clean valves shaft and seating	H	Contamination on air valve stem Contamination on trigger bearing screw	Remove and clean Remove and clean
Gun spits paint when triggering on due to paint build-up inside air cap between	Fluid tip not fitted correctly in gun head	Tighten to correct torque		Contamination on fluid needle shaft Fluid needle packing too tight	Remove and clean Loosen packing nut
spraying operations	Fluid tip/needle leakage	Check for damage or blockage Replace	H Unable to turn fan control knob on top rear of gun	Internal o-ring swollen or broken Paint contamination on threads	Replace o-rings Remove and thoroughly clean
B Slow fluid leak from fluid tip and needle seat Fluid tip internal seat scored, damaged or worn Fluid needle external profile damaged or worn Fluid needle external profile damaged or worn Contamination on needle or tip mating surfaces preventing good seal Incorrect fluid tip for fluid needle fitted to gun Sluggish needle Tight packing Tight packing	Fluid needle external profile damaged or worn Contamination on needle or tip mating surfaces	Replace Thoroughly clean	F H Unable to get round spray	Fluid tip or air baffle incorrectly fitted	Remove, check components for dama and refit correctly Replace air baffle
		Check tip/needle selection chart and fit correct item Remove needle and clean or lubricate packing	J Unable to turn air control valve on handle of gun	Internal o-ring swollen or broken Paint contamination on threads	Replace o-ring Remove and thoroughly clean
	Adjust	D Air valve sluggish or slow to turn on/off when trigger is pulled/released	Air valve stem bent	Replace damaged component	
B Major fluid leak or fluid jetting from fluid tip Incorrect fluid tip for fluid needle fitted to gun Fluid needle stuck or "binding up"	Contamination on needle or tip mating tip and needle seat	Remove tip and needle and thoroughly clean surfaces preventing good seal		Contamination on air valve stem	Remove and clean
	Incorrect fluid tip for fluid needle fitted to gun	Check tip/needle selection chart and fit correct item	D Air leak from around air valve stem Air valve will not operate (air valve stem will not fully slide into valve body) when trigger is pulled	Air valve seal damaged or missing Air valve stem bent	Replace Remove air valve and replace damage
	Fluid needle stuck or "binding up"	Remove and clean fluid needle shaft Lubricate needle packing	fully slide into valve body) when trigger is pulled	Contamination on air valve stem	air valve stem Remove air valve and thoroughly clea
	Loosen needle packing	Air leak from baffle seal	Baffle seal swollen or damaged	Replace	
Paint build-up on fluid tip	Fluid tip not fitted correctly in gun head Fluid tip/needle packing worn or loose	Tighten to correct torque Check for damage or blockage	C Slow fluid leak from needle packing	Fluid needle packing worn or loose	Tighten or replace as necessary

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